

Status of Compliance w.r.t Solid Waste Management & Used Water Management as per O.A No-606/2018 for Karnataka

4178

4178

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# **COMPLIANCE TO** SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT



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Solid Waste Management

Wet Waste Management

Dry Waste Management

Inert Waste Management

C&D Waste Management

Legacy Waste Management

4179

# Solid Waste Mailagement- Urban

Year Wise Processing Progress in year wise processing from Oct

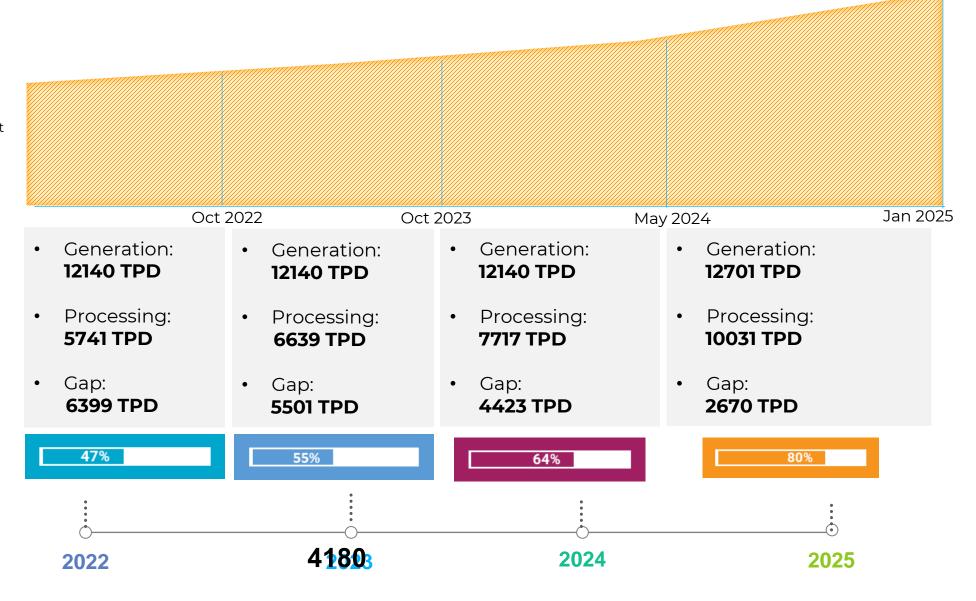
2022 to January 2025

#### Details of Generation, Processing & Gap

Details of Generation, Processing and Gap including BBMP and Urban ULBs

#### Improvement in Processing

Percentage Improvement in Processing Year wise



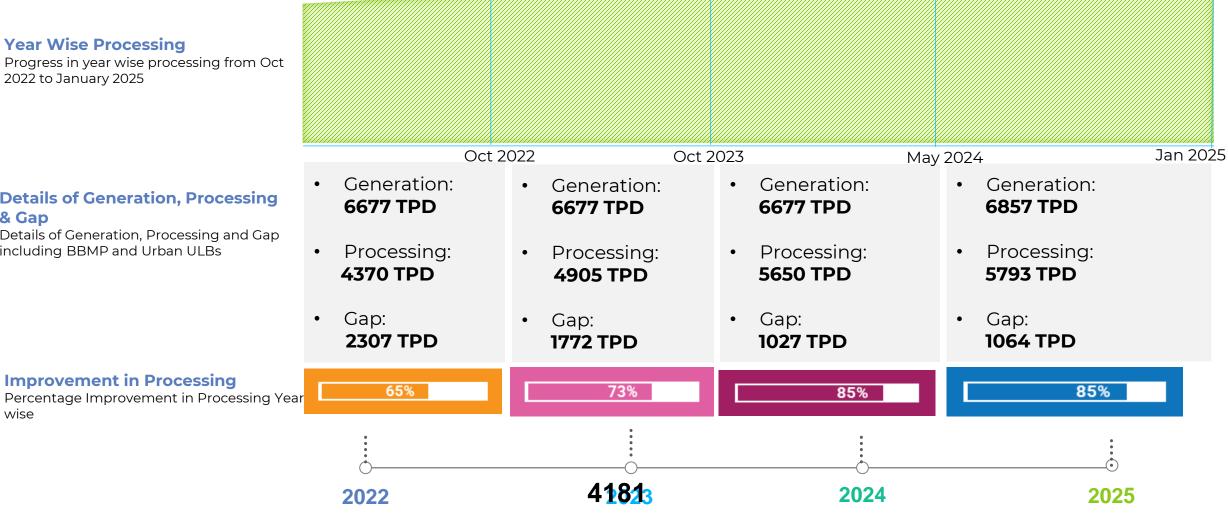
# Wet Waste Mañagement- Urban

**Year Wise Processing** Progress in year wise processing from Oct 2022 to January 2025

**Details of Generation, Processing** & Gap

Details of Generation, Processing and Gap including BBMP and Urban ULBs

wise



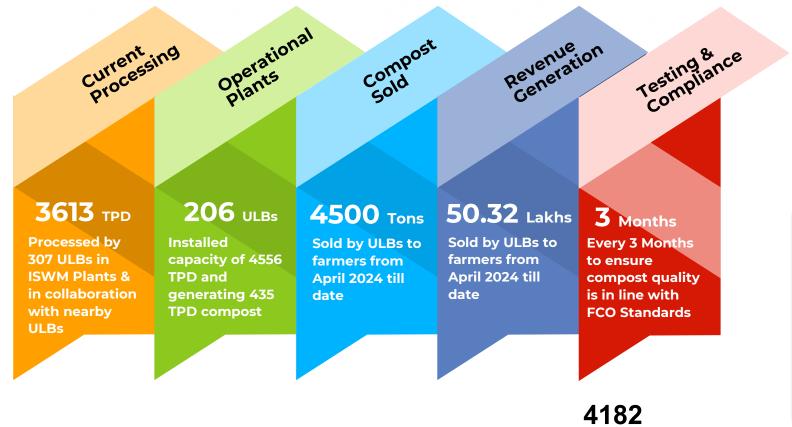
# Wet Waste Management- 315 ULBs



Gap in TPD Total Wet Waste Processing: 3613 TPD

Timeline for Meeting the Gap: Dec 2026

#### **Current Facilities for Wet Waste Management**



#### Action Taken to tackle the Gap

#### SBM 1.0

5038 TPD Composting plants being set up in 218 ULBs for Rs. 1195.30 Cr.

<sup>2</sup> Out of total 5393 works, **88% of the works are** completed, 295 works are in progress, and balance 330 works are yet to be undertaken. All works will be completed by Dec-2025

#### SBM 2.0

746 TPD ISWM Plants in 91 newly upgraded ULBs for Rs. 366.45 Cr. DPRs completed, and 86% works tendered. All works will be completed by Dec-2026

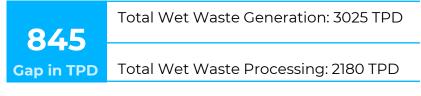
**420 TPD Bio-methanation plants** for **10 City Corporation** for Rs. **75.60 Cr**. DPRs are currently under preparation. **All works will be completed by Dec-2026** 

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GAIL is conducting feasibility studies for establishing Bio-methanation plants in 16 Districts of Karnataka.

BPCL willing to set-up Bio-methanation plants in Hubli-Dharwad & Mysuru City Corporations. Feasibility study completed.

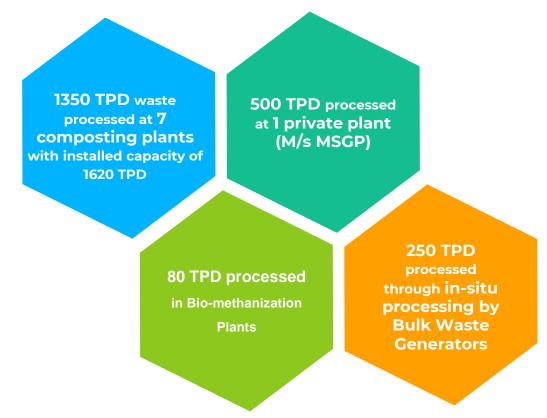
# Wet Waste Management- BBMP



Timeline for Meeting the Gap: Dec 2027

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#### **Current Facilities for Wet Waste Management**



#### Action Taken to tackle the Gap

#### **Tenders Invited**

**4 Integrated** Solid Waste Management Facilities of **6,666 TPD** total capacity. Under this, **2,844 TPD** of Bio-methanation Plants are proposed. Works to be completed by December 2027.

#### Work in progress

50 TPD Bio CNG plant. Works to be completed by December 2025

#### Work in progress

**4 Nos. of 20 TPD** Bio Methanization Plants (each of 5 TPD capacity). Works to be completed by August 2025

#### Wok in progress

**500 TPD Bio CNG plant** in collaboration with M/s GAIL Works to be completed by December 2026.

#### **Overall Proposed Capacity**

**3414 TPD.** This shall cater to the current processing gap and to the future requirement.

# Implementation Status of Wet<sub>1</sub>Waste (315 ULBs) under SBM

	_	

Status of Works for 219 ULBs under SBM 1.0				Status of Works for 91 ULBs under SBM 2.0									
Year	Approved Works	DPR Costs	Total Capacity (TPD)	Works Tendered	Works under Progress	Works Completed	2 Year	Approved Works	DPR Costs	Total Capacity (TPD)	Works Tendered	Works under Progress	Works Completed
Oct 2022	5393	1195.30	5038	4181	1380	2801	Oct 2022	1063	366.45	746.15	0	0	0
Oct 2023	5393	1195.30	5038	4833	760	4073	Oct 2023	1063	366.45	746.15	0	0	0
May 2024	5393	1195.30	5038	5393	930	4463	May 2024	1063	366.45	746.15	237	0	0
Jan 2025	5393	1195.30	5038	5393	625	4768	Jan 2025	1063	366.45	746.15	918	436	162



ISWM Plant, Hassan CMC, Hassan Dt.



ISWM Plant, Davangere CC, Davangere Dt.



Foundation Work, HD Kote, Mysore Dt

4184

### De-centralized Compositing Units of 315 ULBs

Vermi- Compost Pit-10TPD Capacity-Chittapura TMC, Kalaburgi Dt ISWM Plant-20TPD Capacity-Hosadurga TMC, Chitradurga Dt. Biogas Plant-2TPD Davangere CC, Davangere Dt.

ISWM Plant-Davanagere CC, Davanagere Dt



#### De-centralized Compasting Units of BBMP



In-situ Composting in Households



Bio-mechanization plant – 5 MTPD capacity each at 13 locations



Composters in Apartments/Bulk Generators

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# Dry Waste Mańagement- Urban

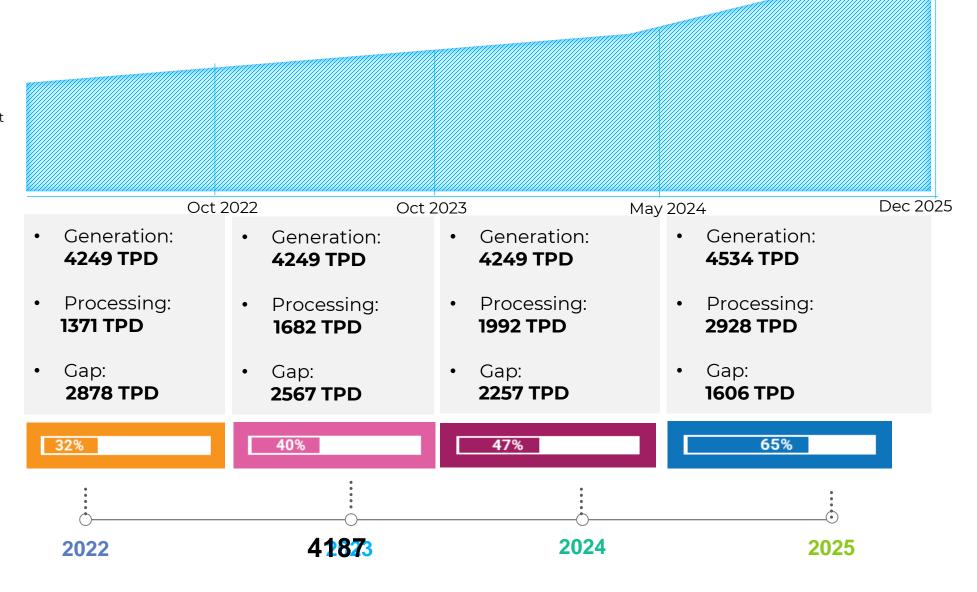
Year Wise Processing Progress in year wise processing from Oct 2022 to January 2025

Details of Generation, Processing & Gap

Details of Generation, Processing and Gap including BBMP and Urban ULBs

#### Improvement in Processing

Percentage Improvement in Processing Year wise



# Dry Waste Management- 315 ULBs



#### **Current Facilities for Dry Waste Management**

1	2	3
	RDF DISPOSAL	PLASTIC WASTE COMPLIANCE
1,728 TPD of waste	33,000 Tonnes	Plastic Waste Management has
processed in 289	RDF sent to	been strictly enforced with
ULBs through ULB	cement	complete SUP Ban, conducting
operated DWCCs and	industries for	raids and imposing fines, Focus
in collaboration with	disposal in FY	on EPR, etc., 116 ULBs registered
nearby ULBs.	2024-25 till date.	on CPCB's EPR Portal. 4188

#### Action Taken to tackle the Gap

**3045** 

Material Recovery Facilities in 309 ULBs

100% Detailed Project Report Completed; 99% works tendered till date.

Timeline of Work Completion: Dec 2026

Completed MRF Civil Works and are in process of procuring machines

(Periyapatna, Saragur, T Narasipura, Kaup, H.D. Kote, Pandavapura, Jagalur, Kadaba, Holalkere, KR Pet and Nagamangala)

# Dry Waste Management- BBMP



#### **Current Facilities for Dry Waste Management:**



#### Action Taken to tackle the Gap

- Tendering Stage: 4 Integrated Solid Waste Management Facilities. Under this, 1767 TPD of Waste to Energy Plants and 696 TPD dry waste management are proposed. Works to be completed by December 2027.
- SBM 2.0: 1686.11 TPD capacity Material Recovery Facility approved for Rs. 143.31 Cr. DPRs are currently in preparation stage.
- Overall total proposed capacity dry waste management– 4149 TPD. This shall cater to the current processing gap and to the future requirement.

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# Implementation Status of Dry Waste (315 ULBs) under SBM



MRF Shed in T. Narasipura, Mysuru Dt.

Year	Approved Works	DPR Costs	Total Capacity (TPD)	Works Tendered	Works under Progress	Works Completed
Oct 2022	2377	418.76	3045	0	ο	0
Oct 2023	2377	418.76	3045	0	0	0
May 2024	2377	418.76	3045	1015	0	0
Jan 2025	2377	418.76	3045	2355	1043	76

700



MRF Shed in HD Kote Mysuru Dt



MRF Shed in Kaup, Udupi Dt.

# Dry Waste Management in 315 ULBs



MRF Plant-33 TPD Capacity-Udupi CMC, Udupi Dt



DWCC-5 TPD Capacity-Chithapura TMC, Kalaburgi Dt.



MRF Plant- 80 TPD Capacity- Mysore CC, Mysuru Dt.



**91** MRF Plant-100 TPD Capacity-Mangalore CC, Dakshina Kannada Dt.

#### Material Recovery Facility, Civil Shed- Work Completed under SBM



# Dry Waste Processing Plant- BBMP



Decentralized Dry Waste Processing Plant

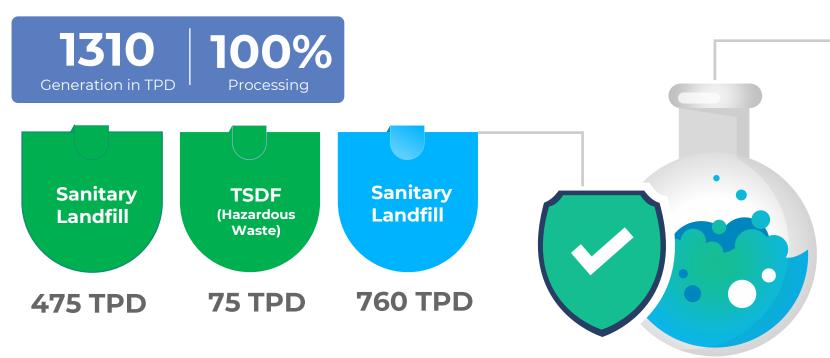
Decentralized Dry Waste Processing Plant running at 119 Locations and sent to Recyclers Segregation at Decentralized Dry Waste Processing Plants

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# Waste (RDF) to Energy Plant at Bidadi- BBMP

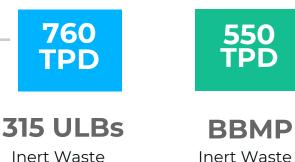


# Inert Waste Management-Urban



#### Inert Waste Management Initiatives

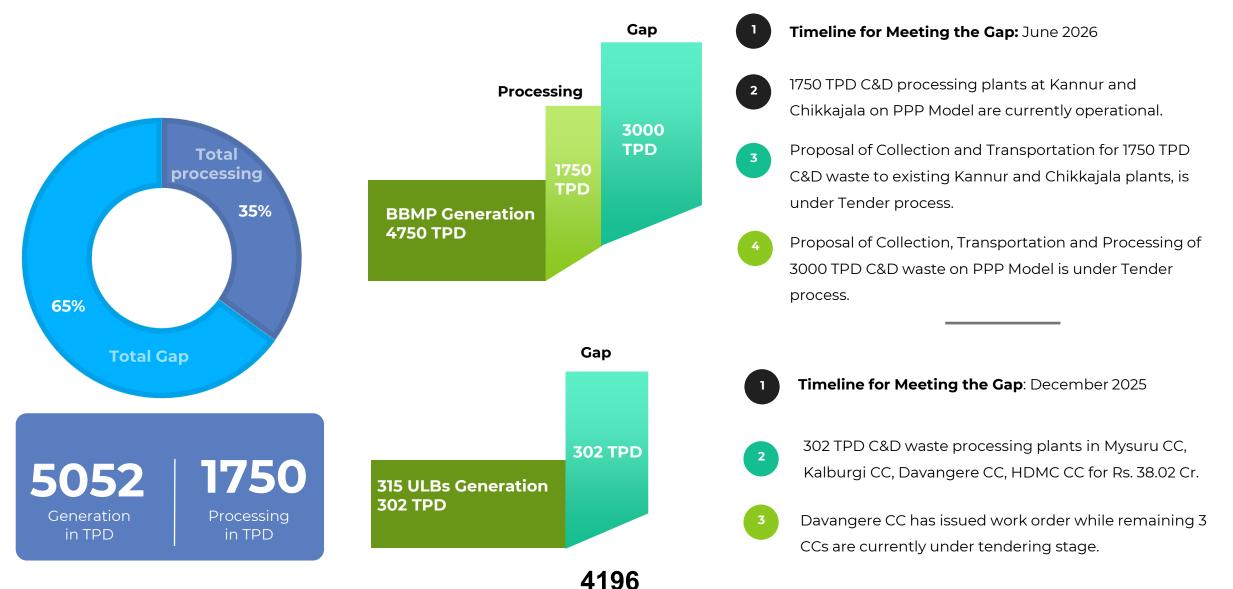
- As per SWM Rules 2016, Inert waste is disposed into Sanitary Landfill by the ULBs.
- Sample ULBs conducted Physical characterization study and TCLP (Toxic Characteristics Leaching Procedure) tests for inert waste which are sent to Sanitary Landfill.
  - Based on the analysis of test reports received, a circular has been issued to the ULBs directing them to comply with inert waste disposal standards. **4195**



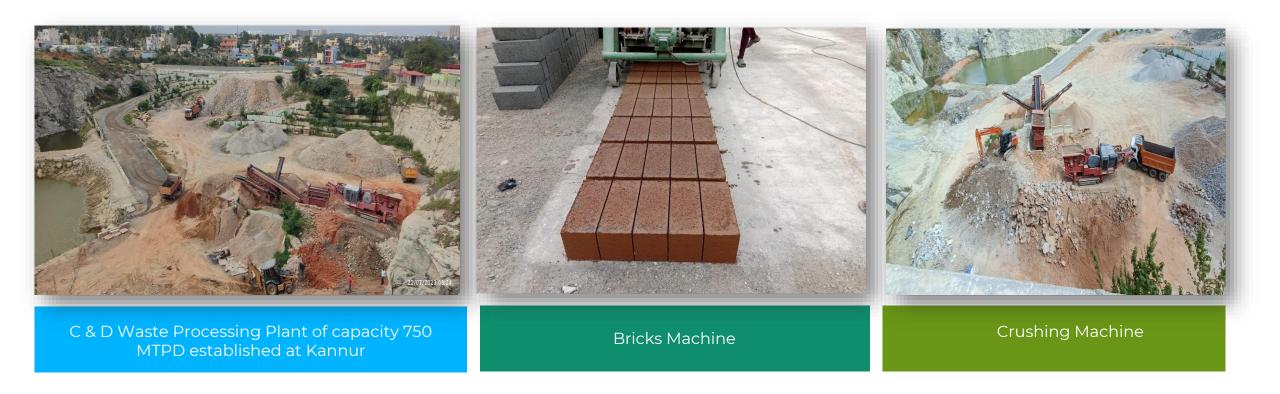
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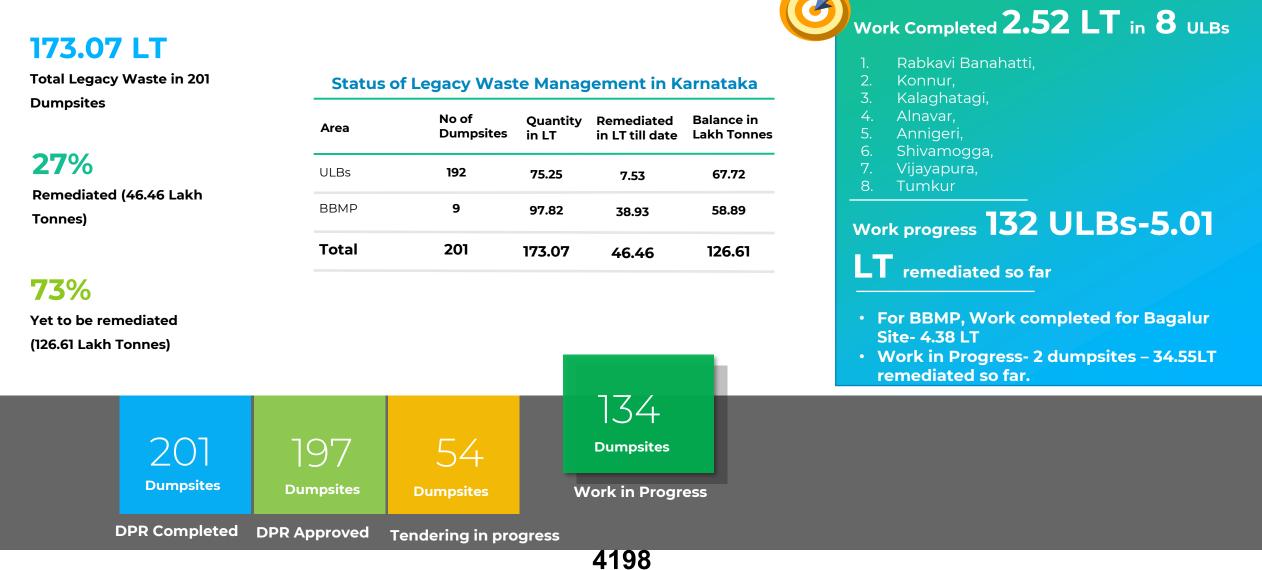
# C&D Waste Management-Urban



# C&D Processing<sup>7</sup>Plants- BBMP



# Legacy Waste Management-Urban



#### 21

# Legacy Waste Management-315 ULBs

# 75.25 LT

Total Legacy Waste in 192 Dumpsites 10%

Remediated (7.53 Lakh Tonnes) Yet to be remediated (67.72 Lakh Tonnes) Timeline for Completion- Dec 2027

90%

#### Work completed- 8 ULBs -**2.52** Lakh Tonnes:

- Rabkavi Banahatti,
- Konnur,
- Kalaghatagi,
- Alnavar,
- Annigeri,
- Shivamogga,
- Vijayapura,
- Tumkur

Work in progress- 132 ULBs- **5.01** Lakh Tonnes remediated so far.

remediated so far. 192 Dumpsites DPR Completed Tendering in progress 132 Dumpsites Tendering in progress 4199

# Legacy Waste Management-BBMP



		Tim	neline	e for Com	pletion:			
97.82	LT	1	Bagal	ur	Completed			
Total Legac Dumpsites	y Waste in 9	2	Mand	ur Phase-1	June 2025			
		3		nalli				
40% Remediated	d	4	Mand	ur Phase-2	June 2027		•	Ren Site
(38.93 Lakh		5	Maval	llipura		6		
		6		pura			•	wo 34
60%		7	Laksh	imipura	August 2026	5		
Yet to be re (58.89 Lakh		8	Subra	ımanyapalya	December 2	025		
		9		abidarekallu		025		
						2		
	9	4		2		Dumpsites		
	Dumpsites	Dumpsites		Dumpsites				
	DPR Completed	DPR Appro	ved	Tendering	in progress			
						4200		



# Legacy Waste Managementer Work Completed- ULBs



#### Before – Vijayapura CC - 80,000 Tons of legacy waste



After - Vijayapura CC, Vijayapura Dt.



Before - Shivamogga CC - 25300 Tons of legacy waste





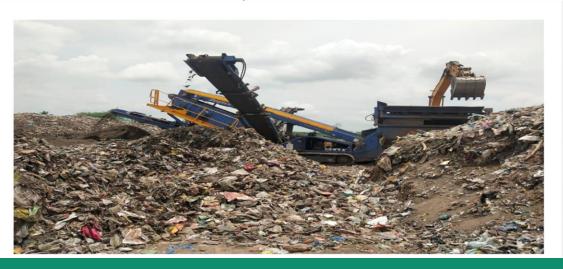
# Legacy Waste Managemente Work Completed- ULBs



Before - Alnavara TP - 11,000 Tons of legacy waste



After – Alnavara TP, Dharwad Dt.



Before – Rabkavi Banhatti CMC – 16800 Tons of legacy waste



After Status-Rabkavi Banhatti CMC, Bagalkot Dt

# Legacy Waste Managementer Work Completed- ULBs



Before – Kalaghatagi TP - 7000 Tons of legacy waste



After Kalaghatagi TP, Dharwad Dt.



Before - Annigeri TMC – 12000 Tons of legacy waste



CCMQ+GV, Annigeri, Karnataka 582201, India Lat 15.43359° Long 75.440067° 21/08/24 01:10 PM GMT +05:30

After – Annigeri TMC, Dharwad Dt

# Legacy Waste Management<sup>20</sup> Work In Progress- ULBs



Work in Progress – Mangalore CC, Dakshina Kannada Dt. - 105441 Tons remediated



Work in Progress-HDMC CC, Dharwad Dt. - 50000 Tons remediated so far.



Work in Progress – Basavana Bagewadi TMC, Vijayapura Dt.- 22000 Tons remediated



Work in Progress- Mysore CC, Mysuru Dt. - 160000 Tons remediated so far

# **Bio-Remediation Completed at Bagalur-BBMP**



# Bio-Remediation in progress at Mandur Ph-1 BBMP



# Bio-Remediation in Progress at Bellahalli/Mittaganahalli- BBMP



Installation of Methane Collection Pipe

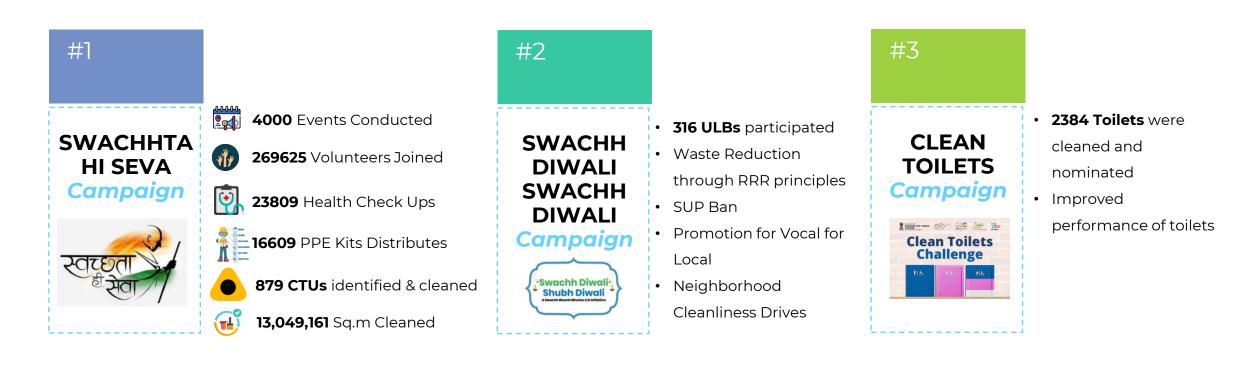
**Extraction of Methane Gas** 

**Methane Collection chamber** 

# Initiatives Undertaken by KSPOB under E-Waste Management



#### IEC Initiatives Undertaken in Last Six Months





# Capacity Building Initiatives Undertaken in Last Six Months

#### TRAININGS CONDUCTED



#### Best Practices- Urban



#### **Puttur's Wet Waste to Bio-CNG Plant**

The Puttur Wet Waste to BioCNG Project converts organic waste into clean energy, reducing landfill waste and emissions while promoting sustainability. Implemented through public-private partnerships, it supports a circular economy and is scalable for replication.

The Puttur Wet Waste to BioCNG Project is an initiative by Puttur City Municipal Council, Karnataka, to convert organic waste into BioCNG. This project, aligned with the Swachh Bharat Mission, promotes sustainable waste management and renewable energy generation. It involves waste segregation, anaerobic digestion, and gas purification to produce clean fuel for municipal and commercial use. The initiative reduces landfill waste, mitigates greenhouse gas emissions, and supports a circular economy. Implemented through public-private partnerships, it is scalable and replicable for other municipalities, enhancing economic, environmental, and social sustainability

#### The Wadi Recycled Plastic Paver Block & Tiles Initiative by TMC Wadi, Karnataka,

The Wadi Recycled Plastic Paver Block & Tiles Initiative transforms plastic waste into usable paver blocks and tiles, reducing pollution and landfill waste. A scalable, low-cost solution, it promotes circular economy and sustainable urban waste management.

The Wadi Recycled Plastic Paver Block & Tiles Initiative by TMC Wadi, Karnataka, focuses on waste minimization and circular economy principles. Launched in 2022 in collaboration with Revive Waste Management, Kalaburagi, it converts plastic waste into paver blocks and tiles, reducing environmental pollution and drainage blockages. The project involves stakeholder participation, including shop owners and market associates, promoting waste segregation and recycling. It has economic benefits through revenue generation and environmental impact by reducing landfill waste. Scalable and replicable, it offers a low-cost, high-impact solution for sustainable urban waste management **4211** 



#### Best Practices- Urban



#### Incense Sticks Making from Flower Waste (Belgavi)

The Belagavi Flower Waste to Agarbatti Initiative repurposes flower waste into incense sticks, reducing pollution and landfill waste. A scalable, circular economy model, it transforms waste into a valuable product while promoting sustainability.

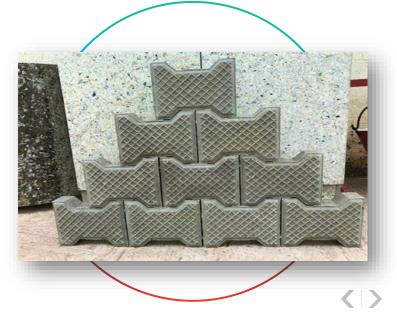
The Belagavi Flower Waste to Agarbatti Initiative by City Corporation Belagavi, Karnataka, converts flower waste into incense sticks, reducing waste accumulation and environmental pollution. Launched in 2023-2024, it processes 300-500 kg of flower waste daily from markets and temples. Through public-private collaboration, dried petals are powdered and used for Agarbatti production, promoting a circular economy. The initiative minimizes landfill waste, generates economic benefits, and is scalable for replication across India. Recognized at the International Municipalika Event and by NGT Karnataka, it transforms bad smell into good smell, aligning with sustainable urban waste management.

#### Mysore's Non-Reusable Plastic Waste into Interlocking Tiles

Mysore Municipal Corporation, in partnership with Jagruth Tech Pvt Ltd, converts non-reusable plastic waste into interlocking tiles, enhancing sustainability. Processing 2 tons daily, it has made Mysore India's second-highest plastic-recycling city

Mysore Municipal Corporation, in collaboration with Jagruth Tech Pvt Ltd, has pioneered an eco-friendly initiative by converting non-reusable plastic waste into interlocking tiles for footpaths. Processing 2 tons of plastic waste daily, the project has repurposed 100 out of 350 tonnes collected over six months. Mysore, now India's second-highest plastic-recycling city, has received an EPR certificate from the Central Pollution Control Board, affirming its commitment to sustainable waste management and environmental responsibility.





#### Best Practices- Urban



#### Coconut Husk to Coconut Bricks Initiative at SWM Plant, Chittapur TMC, Kalaburagi Dt.

In an innovative step towards sustainable waste management and resource efficiency, the Chittapur Town Municipal Council (TMC) in Kalaburagi district has successfully implemented a pioneering initiative to convert coconut husk waste into eco-friendly bricks.

Recognizing the environmental challenges posed by the improper disposal of coconut husks, which are abundantly generated in local markets and households, the TMC collaborated with local entrepreneurs and self-help groups to establish a decentralized coconut husk processing unit. Through a simple yet effective process, coconut husks are shredded, mixed with natural binding agents, and compressed into durable bricks suitable for construction and landscaping purposes. This initiative not only addresses the issue of organic waste accumulation but also promotes circular economy principles by creating a value chain for agricultural by-products...

#### Waste to Wonder Park at Hagaribommanahalli TMC

The Waste to Wonder Park at Hagaribommanahalli Town Municipal Council (TMC) is a unique initiative that creatively disseminates messages of cleanliness and Swachhatam.

Developed with various themes of the park features artistic installations and sculptures that symbolize environmental sustainability and the importance of waste management. Serving as both a recreational space and an educational hub, it attracts residents, students, and visitors, raising awareness about the value of recycling and resource recovery. The park not only promotes eco-friendly practices but also reflects Hagaribommanahalli TMC's commitment to the Swachh Bharat Mission's goals of a cleaner, greener future





#### Best Practices- Urban



# "One Biogas – Many Benefits" - 250 Kg capacity biogas plant, Nargund, Gadag Dt.

The "One Biogas – Many Benefits" initiative in Nargund, Gadag district, showcases the transformative potential of sustainable waste management through a 250 kg capacity biogas plant.

This plant efficiently processes organic waste, including food scraps and agricultural residues, converting them into clean biogas used for cooking and energy generation. The by-product, nutrient-rich slurry, serves as an excellent organic fertilizer, promoting ecofriendly farming practices. This initiative not only reduces the burden on landfills and mitigates methane emissions but also supports local energy needs, reducing dependency on conventional fuels. Additionally, it creates livelihood opportunities and fosters environmental awareness, aligning with the Swachh Bharat Mission's goals of waste-to-wealth and sustainable living

#### **Beautification of Public Places with Waste and Minimal Resources**

The Sandur Town Municipal Council (TMC) in Bellary district has undertaken an innovative approach to urban aesthetics through the beautification of public places using waste materials and minimal resources.

By creatively repurposing discarded items such as scrap metal, plastic bottles, old tires, and construction debris, Sandur TMC has transformed parks, traffic islands, and community spaces into visually appealing landmarks. This cost-effective initiative not only reduces waste going to landfills but also promotes environmental sustainability. Community participation, especially from local artists and school groups, has been key in designing eco-friendly art installations, fostering a sense of civic pride, and reinforcing Swachh Bharat Mission's vision of clean, green, and vibrant urban spaces.



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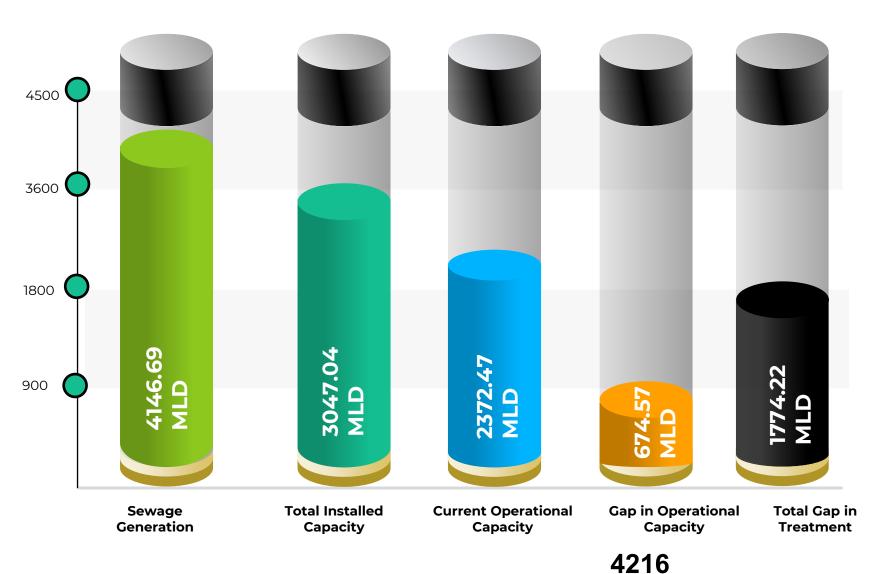
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# COMPLIANCE TO USED WASTE MANAGEMENT

- Used Water Management Profile for 316 ULBs
- Action Taken to Tackle the Gap
- NGT Compensation Fund
- Details of UWM Projects under SBM 2.0
- Details of UWM projects taken under State Funds



#### Used Water Management Profile for 316 ULBs



**316** Total No of ULBs

**4146.69** Sewage Generation (MLD)

**3047.04** Total Installed Capacity(MLD)

**2372.47** Current Operational Capacity(MLD)

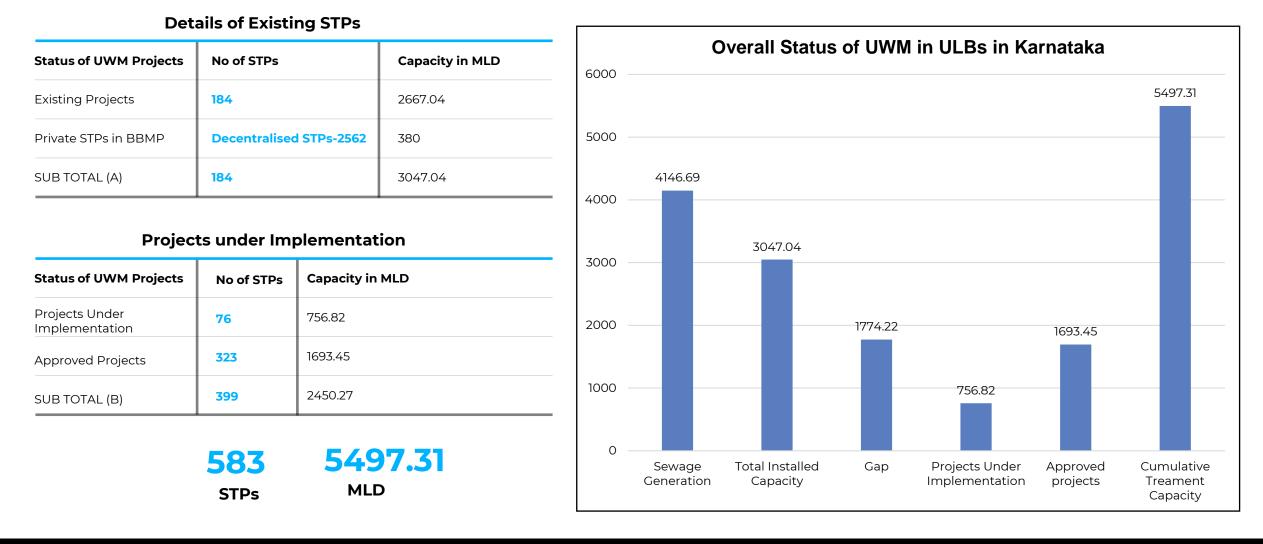
674.57

Gap in Operational Capacity(MLD)

1774.22

Total Gap in Treatment (MLD)

# Action Plan to tackle the Gap4in7Used Water Management

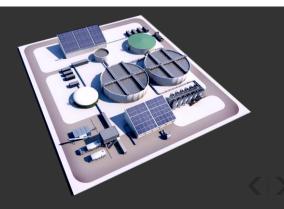


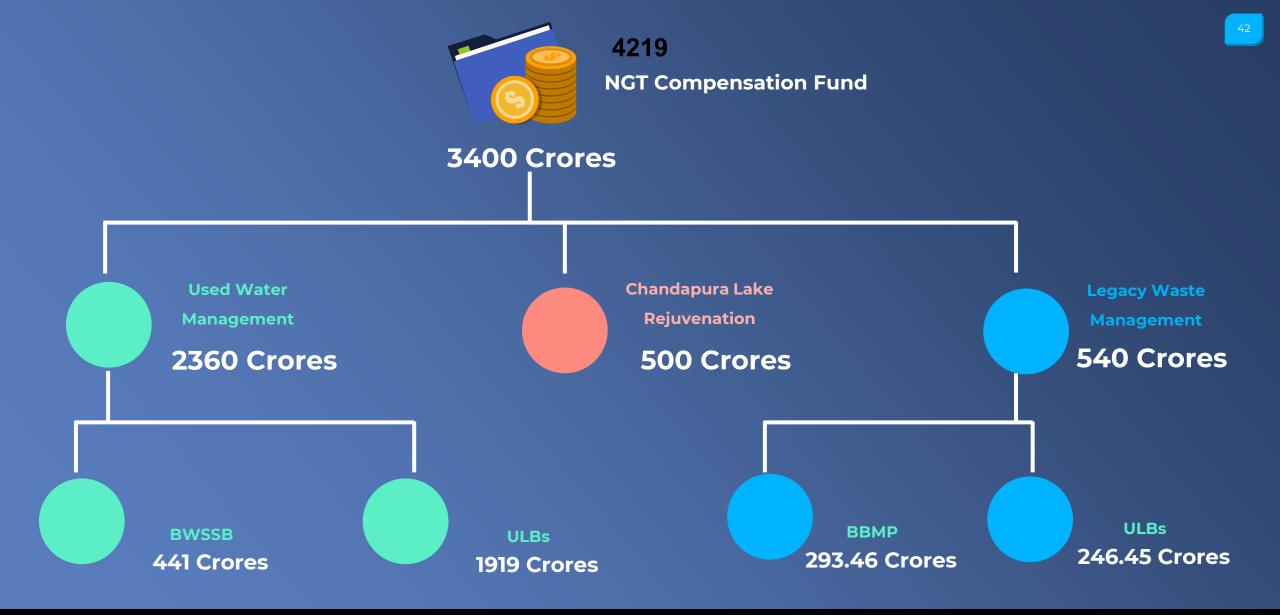
\*1033.80 MLD of Treated Wastewater is being Reused for various Agriculture, Industrial and various purposes

4217

## Details of under construction & approved STPs in ULBs

Implementing Agency	Under Construction			Approved Projects			Total Capacity to be added in MLD	Timeline
	No of STPs	Total Capacity in MLD	Project Cost in Cr	No of STPs	Total Capacity in MLD	Project Cost in Cr		
BWSSB	27	480	1382	17	583	2500	1063	December-2026 fo Ongoing projects
KUWS&DB	42	254.70	434.82	29	82.22	162.89	336.92	
KUIDFC	07	22.12	10.83	277	1028.23	1348.21	1050.35	March 2027
Total	76	756.82	1827.65	323	1693.45	4011.10	2450.27	





The State Government has created a separate ring-fenced account (personal deposit account) in the name of ACS, UDD. **Rs 1967 Crores** has been deposited for FY 2022-23 and out of this **325.73 Crores** has been released to parastatal in plementing agencies. Once **75%** of **1967 Crores** is utilized, thereafter remaining amount will be deposited in the ring-fenced account

#### NGT Compensation Fumily KUIDFC (Rs 1919 Cr)

#### 110 FSTPs

In total 110 ULBs with less than 30,000 Population

400.24 Cr

**Total Project Cost** 

**March 2026** 

**Timeline of Completion** 

66

ULBs

Work order

issued

44

ULBs

LOI Issued

#### 54 ULBs

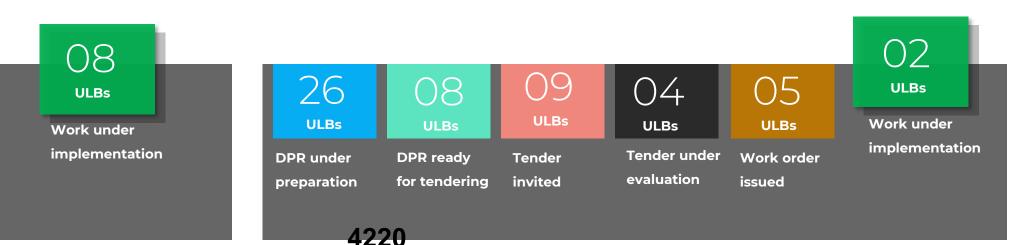
UWM priority works- (Repair/ renovation of existing STPs/ Sewer lines, construction of new Sewer lines/ Missing sewer links/ UGD Networks, etc.,)

1518 Cr

**Total Project Cost** 

#### March 2027

**Timeline of Completion** 



# NGT Compensation Fund- Chanda para Lake Rejuvenation (Rs 500 Cr)



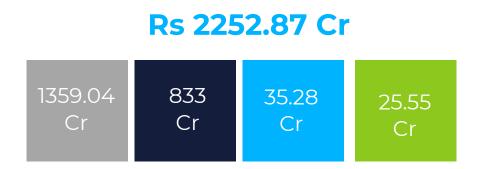
- Land acquisition is in progress
- 11(1) Gazette and paper notification issued on 22.02.2024.

- Tendering is Completed for all 4 Towns (Capex & O&M)
- LoA Issued to the agency for all the towns on 31.07.2024

**Timeline for Implementation:** End of 2027

## Details of Used Water Managersent Projects under SBM (U) 2.0

Construction of STPs	Various Stages of Implementation		4		
Interception and Diversion of Drains	Tender Invited for Hiring of PDN support in implementation of I& Works in 275 ULBs.		3		
Procurement of 147 No of Cesspool Vehicles	Under Tendering Process (Call -2)	2			
Procurement of 73 Nos of Sewer Cleaning Vehicles	Under Tendering Process (EOI Invited)	1			





# Details of UWM Project taken up under State Funds

#### Directorate of Municipal Administration

Construction of 45 FSTPs for management of 372 KLD of Feacal sludge.



Project Completed & Commissioned- 4 Projects



Work Under Verge of Completion (>70%)- 7 projects



Work Under Progress- 11 Projects.



Work Commenced for 18 ULBs



Work order issued- 5 Projects

#### Rs 121.00 Crores

#### Karnataka Urban Water Supply and Sewerage Board



Providing UGD facilities to Chandapura town (Rs. 106.80 Cr)

Replacement of UGD Network & Tertiary treatment for 6 MLD STP to Maddur town (Rs.16.49 Cr).

Providing UGD facilities to Shahapura town (Rs. 292.98 Cr.)



Rs 416.27 Crores

4223

## NGT Compensation Fund- Project22 taken up by BWSSB (Rs.441 Cr)



# Sewage Treatments Plants (STPs)

225



40 MLD SBR Type STP - HDMC CC, Dharwad Dt.



40 MLD SBR Type STP - HDMC CC, Dharwad Dt.



24.57 MLD Aerated Lagoon Type STP – Tumkuru CC, Tumkur Dt



24.57 MLD Aerated Lagoon Type STP – Tumkuru CC, Tumkur Dt

BALLEY ON STATIST

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# Sewage Treatments (STPs)



20 MLD SBR Type STP - Davangere CC, Davangere Dt



30 MLD Aerated Lagoon Type STP – Bellary CC, Bellary Dt.



20 MLD SBR Type STP - Davangere CC, Davangere Dt.



30 MLD Aerated Lagoon Type STP – Bellary CC, Bellary Dt.

# Fecal Sludge Treatment Plants (FSTPs)- Ongoing Projects



#### 6 KLD FSTP, Karkala TMC, Dakshin Kannada Dt.







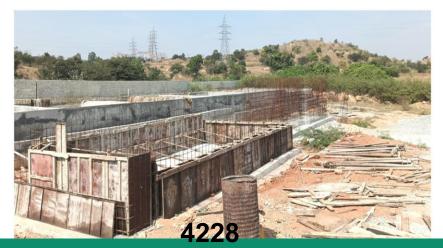
6 KLD FSTP, Sakaleshapura TMC, Hassan Dt.

## Fecal Sludge Treatment Plants (FSTPs)- Ongoing Projects



#### 6 KLD FSTP, Mulagunda TP, Gadag Dt







6 KLD, FSTP Aurad TP, Bidar TP

# Fecal Sludge Treatment Plants (PSTPs) - Construction Stage



9 KLD FSTP, Vijayapura CC, Vijaypura Dt.



12 KLD FSTP , Shahabad CM223 Jurgi Dt.

**4230** 

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# COMPLIANCE -KARNATAKA RURAL

Solid Waste Management (Rural

Dry Waste Management (Rural)

Wet Waste Management (Rural)

Grey Water Management (Rural)

Black Water Management (Rural)



#### Solid Waste Management (Rural)





**3421 TPD** Total Waste Generated



2079 TPD Wet Waste Generated 2037 TPD Total Wet Waste Processed



**1342 TPD** Dry Waste Generated **946 TPD** Total Dry Waste Processed

#### Dry Waste Management (Rural)

- 7,308 vehicles are used for door-to-door collection.
- Dry waste is treated in 5,952 Swachh Sankeeranas (solid waste processing facilities)
- 31 Material Recovery Facilities (MRFs) with 10 TPD capacity planned at district levels.
- 4 MRFs are operational; tender invited for 27 units







Dharmasthala Gram Panchayat, Swachh Sankeerna Unit

4232

- 151 Plastic Waste Management units planned at block levels.
- Civil infrastructure is developed, and machinery procurement is in progress
- Forward Linkages: 19.20 TPD of waste sent to cement industries.
  - Forward Linkages: 462.34 TPD of waste sold to recyclers.

#### Wet Waste Management (Rural)



#### Initiatives under Wet Wasta Management- RDPR



Biogas Plant of 45 cum capacity, Muthalli GP

Biogas Plant of 60 cum capacity, Agadi GP

#### Swachh Sankeerna











**Concept & Objective:** Swachh Sankeerna is an initiative aimed at promoting decentralized solid waste management by establishing well-planned and managed waste processing facilities.

**Infrastructure & Design:** These facilities include segregation units, composting areas, dry waste collection centers, and spaces for scientific disposal, designed to cater to urban and semi-urban areas.

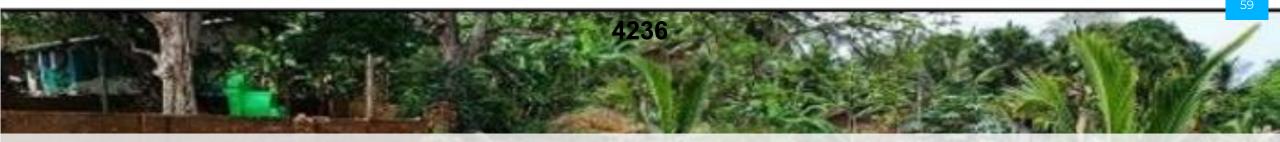
**Community Engagement:** The model emphasizes active participation from local communities, self-help groups, and waste workers to ensure sustainable waste management practices.

**Employment & Livelihoods**: It supports livelihood opportunities by integrating informal waste pickers into formalized systems, promoting entrepreneurship, and facilitating income generation through recycling and resource recovery.

**Environmental Benefits:** Swachh Sankeerna aims to reduce landfill burden, encourage waste-to-resource conversion, and promote circular economy principles by maximizing material recovery.

**Replication & Scalability:** The model serves as a replicable framework for municipalities across India, providing a sustainable approach to urban waste management under the Swachh Bharat Mission.





4236

# Grey Water Management



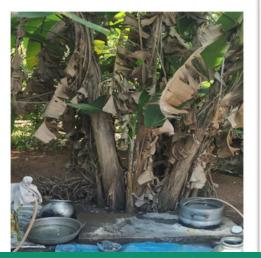
Out of 26,485 villages, 21% (5,729 villages) equipped with GWM arrangements.

GWM works are underway in the remaining 20,756 villages, targeted for completion by March 2026 as per GOI guidelines.

3

To address gap in GWM, 20,756 DPRs incorporating 37,290 works have been prepared. Out of the approved works, 10,923 have been completed & rest are in progress.

## Initiatives under Grey Water Management-RDPR





Kitchen Garden at Heggade GP, Hassan Dt.





Individual & Community Soak Pit at Angod GP, Davangere Dt



Waste Stabilization Pond at Kodiyala GP, Haveri Dt.





Inline treatment at Kodiyala GP, Haveri Dt. .



# Black Water Management

For safe collection, transportation, treatment, reuse, and disposal of fecal sludge, 234 Fecal Sludge Treatment Plants (FSTPs) (3 KLD capacity) have been planned at all taluka level.

142 FSTP DPRs have been approved, and 31 units are completed.



92 DPRs are under preparation and will be completed in a timely

manner to achieve saturation.

Convergence is achieved with 10 Urban STPS covering 521

villages





## Initiatives under Black Water Management-RDPR



FSSM plant at Ujire GP, Dakshina Kannada Dt.



FSTP, 80 Badagabettu GP, Udupi District.



FSSM plant at Rajanukunte GP, Bengaluru urban Dt.



